91. The following are the areas of the several Provinces Areas of the Province, &c.

stricts.	8	Square Miles
Ontario		181,800
Quebec		188,688
Nova Scotia	•• • • • • •	20,907
New Brunswick		27,174
Manitoba		60,520
British Columbia		341,305
Prince Edward Island		2,133
District of Keewatin	about	400,000
" Alberta		100,000
" Assiniboia	"	95,000
" Athabasca	4	122,000
" Saskatchewan		114,000
Remainder of the Territories		1,816,730
		3,470,257
Great lakes, rivers, &c., not included 11	above	
areas		140,000
		3,610,257

The area of the Province of Manitoba was originally 123,200 square miles, but a large portion was added to the District of Keewatin and to Ontario in 1883. The areas of the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec can only be considered as approximate, the northern boundaries of both Provinces not having yet been exactly defined. It will be seen that Canada has an area of inland water surface which is alone 18,885 square miles larger than the combined area of Great Britain.

92. Prince Edward Island is the smallest of all the Density of Provinces, but is more than twice as thickly populated as population. any other Province, the proportion being 51.0 persons to the square mile. Nova Scotia comes next in density of population, with 21.0 persons. The following is the order in which the Provinces stand, according to density of population:

Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Ontario, Qubec, Manitoba, British Columbia.